Phosphorus Reduction Improvements Plymouth, CT Water Pollution Control Facility

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Presentation Overview



WPCF History
Need for current project
Recommended improvements
Future needs
Implementation & funding



History of WPCF Upgrades

Existing WPCF Site

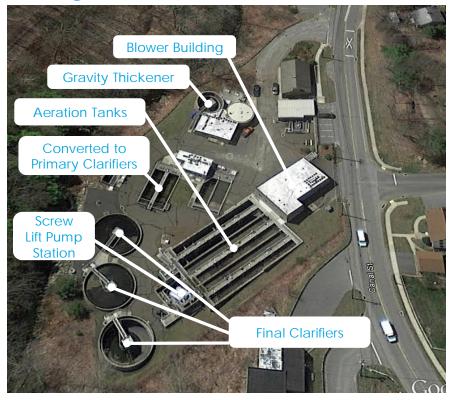


- Original construction 1961
 - Pretreatment
 - Primary clarifiers
 - Trickling filters
 - Final clarifiers
 - Effluent disinfection
 - Anaerobic digestion
- Tankage/buildings in service for over 60 years



History of WPCF Upgrades

Existing WPCF Site



- Upgrade to activated sludge 1991
 - Blower building
 - Aeration tanks
 - Screw lift pump station
 - Three circular final clarifiers
 - Converted original final clarifiers into primary clarifiers 3 and 4
 - UV disinfection
 - Converted digester to gravity thickener
- Tankage/buildings in service for over 30 years, some over 60 years



History of WPCF Upgrades

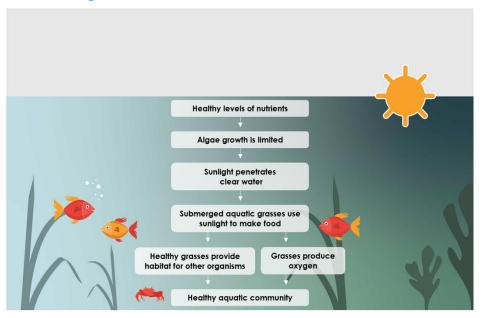
Existing WPCF Site



- Most recent upgrade 2015
 - Reused existing tankage
 - Modified process to reduce nitrogen
 - Provided more energy efficient equipment
- Tankage/buildings in service for over 30 years, some over 60 years



Healthy Levels of Nutrients



Excess Nutrients

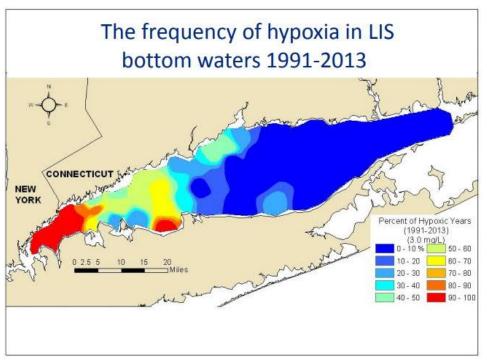




Nutrients in the Environment

- Nitrogen limiting factor in marine waters
 - Excess nitrogen results in algae blooms
 - Impacts Long Island Sound
- Sources
 - Agricultural runoff/fertilizer
 - Stormwater
 - Other nonpoint sources
 - Wastewater treatment discharges
- Long Island Sound Program
 - Since 2002 ~ 60 WPCFs upgraded
 - Plymouth 2015 Upgrade for LIS

Long Island Sound Hypoxia Levels



Source: CT DEEP Presentation Connecticut's Nitrogen Credit Trading Program, 9/17/2014



Nutrients in the Environment

- Phosphorus limiting factor in fresh water
 - Excess phosphorus results in algae blooms
 - Impacts local water quality
- Sources
 - Similar to nitrogen
 - Wastewater treatment discharges
- Phosphorus reduction strategy
 - CT DEEP identified 43 WPCFs for limits
 - NPDES permit renewal compliance

Pequabuck River water quality





1

Discharge permit renewal

- Effective June 1, 2016
- New phosphorus limits
- Compliance schedule
- Meet limits in 3 years

2

Conduct study

- Permit requirement
- Approved by WPCA & CT DEEP
- Recommended improvements to meet phosphorus limits
 - Phased approach
 - Interim chemical treatment to meet permit

3

Design documents

- Prepare plans & specifications
- Phosphorus removal
- Process control improvements

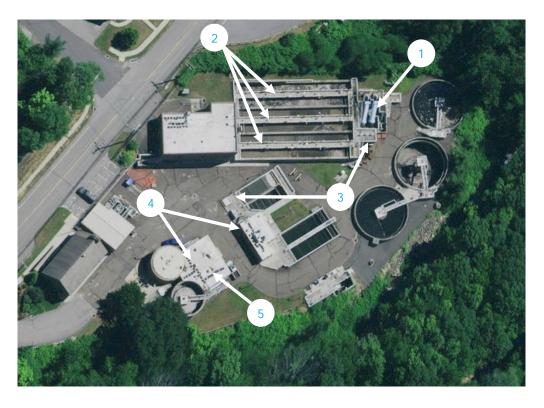


Implementation

- Advertise for bid
- Anticipated 2-year construction period



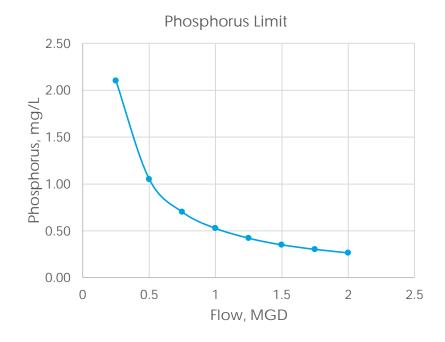
Recommended Improvements



- New Primary Effluent/RAS Pump Station
 - New submersible pump station
 - Improve biological P removal/reduce chemicals
- 2. Air Flow Control Improvements
 - Improve biological P removal/reduce chemicals
- 3. Chemical Storage and Feed System
 - Better control/minimize usage
- New Primary and Thickened Sludge Pumps
 - Improve biological P removal/reduce chemicals
- 5. Polymer Storage and Feed System
 - Minimize impact to biological P removal



Future Needs



- Phosphorus Limit = 4.38 lb/d (seasonal average)
- Concentration required decreases as flows increase
- Phased improvements
 - Phase 1 biological P removal w/chemical polishing
 - Phase 2 tertiary process/effluent filtration
- Phase 1 to flows of ~1 MGD
 - Concentration ~ 0.5 mg/L
 - Based on average flows between April and October
- Future needs
 - Collection system rehabilitation (reduce flows)
 - Other non-phosphorus plant improvements



Implementation & Funding

Item	Anticipated Cost
Preliminary Opinion of Probable Cost (OPC)	\$7,500,000*
Anticipated Clean Water Fund Grant (~20%)	\$1,400,000*
Local Share (CWF Loan at 2% for 20 years)	\$6,100,000*
Annual debt retirement	\$373,200/yr*
Anticipated impact to user rates	~\$85*/yr per unit

*Could change based on current bid climate



THANK YOU

